

- 1) a high degree of latency of this type of crimes, since they do not have an immediate impact on the life of society and the emergence of obvious negative consequences;
- 2) using the modern technologies, including the Internet, which make it possible to hide not only the fact of committing a crime, but also the benefits obtained illegally;
- 3) moral problems in society, because of which a significant number of people treat economic crimes indifferently, and in some cases they positively consider them as an option for obtaining high incomes with relatively small risks;
- 4) dehumanization of the victim, since most economic crimes occur without direct personal contact with the victim, which leads to the lack of compassion of the offender.

In our opinion, the main problem is the constant emergence of new methods and the improvement of old ones of committing economic crimes. At the same time, criminal legislation does not always adapt to the current situation.

During this research, we came to the conclusion that it is necessary to take some measures in order to solve the problems of countering economic crimes:

- 1) to conduct active work to promote a law-abiding lifestyle among the citizens of the Republic of Belarus;
- 2) to strengthen cooperation of law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Belarus with law enforcement agencies of foreign states to combat international economic crime;
- 3) to increase the flexibility of criminal legislation in the credit and financial sphere;
- 4) to take into account the experience of foreign countries in the fight against economic crime.

А. Вырво

А.А. Вырво

БГЭУ (Минск)

Научный руководитель К.А. Белова

SOCIAL PROTECTION OF THE POPULATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

Социальная защита населения Республики Беларусь

The most important function of the state is the social protection of the population, which is a system of measures and techniques based on ensuring equality, social and acceptable quality of life, as well as preventing the negative impact of the environment on people.

Every year, the number of people in need of care and assistance from the state is growing. Recently, there are more and more unemployed, refugees, internally displaced

persons, and the number of disabled people, pensioners and children is also increasing. The foregoing determines the relevance of this work, the purpose of which is to analyze the system of social protection of the population in Belarus.

The social system of the Republic of Belarus includes certain principles based on equal rights of the population, regardless of gender, age, race. Our state is responsible for the social security of the population, the government controls and coordinates the work of institutions.

At the current stage, a number of laws based on the Constitution of the Republic of Belarus have been adopted. The main functions of community social services include:

- guaranteed insurance and social security;
- improvement of the financial situation;
- creating the necessary conditions for groups of people in need of improved living standards and assistance.

Amendments are constantly introduced into the system of state social protection of the population in Belarus. The main role in ensuring social protection is occupied by state insurance. Its main task is to provide assistance to citizens in the event of insured events stipulated by law.

The economic policy in Belarus is socially oriented. Every year the state economy is being improved, which contributes to the development of social, labor relations and, in general, the attitude of the population to work. Improving social institutions and the social protection system is an important task, since in any state there are problems that need to be addressed. The main problems in the Republic of Belarus are the following:

- ensuring the safety of citizens in the field of labor, social protection, education, health care, culture and housing security;
- normalization of the demographic situation;
- ensuring effective employment of the population, improving the quality and competitiveness of the labor force;
- raising the standard of living of the population.

In considering this topic, we can say that the system of social protection in the Republic of Belarus is sufficiently developed and is constantly being improved. The social policy of the state is aimed primarily at solving acute social problems that determine the social well-being of the state in the coming years: increasing the level of income of the population and solving problems of poverty; reducing social spending, raising the level of minimum social standards; improving the situation of the population in the field of pensions and social security.