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DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIAL PARTNERSHIP IN THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS AND CHINA: PRESENT AND FUTURE

In the last few decades, China has greatly intensified its foreign policy in various directions, including in the post-Soviet region. Of course, the priority direction of such policy for the PRC was and remains post-Soviet Central Asia. It can be noted that China's policy in the Eastern European region is increasingly expansive, in particular, the relations between China and the Republic of Belarus [1, p. 80].

Social partnership is a system of relationships between employees, employers, state authorities and local governments, aimed at ensuring the coordination of interests of employees and employers on issues of regulating labor and other directly related relations.

The goal of social partnership is to develop the economy, improve working conditions and raise the standard of living of workers. Social partnership between the Republic of Belarus and China is gaining momentum every year.

In March 2007, during the visit of the President of the Republic of Belarus A.G. Lukashenko to China, the parties confirmed the strategic nature of Belarusian-Chinese relations.

Regular consultations between the Foreign Ministries of the two countries are beginning. At the same time, which is currently taking place in international relations, interaction between the parliaments of the two states is beginning – the National Assembly of the Republic of Belarus and the All-China People's Congress.

Several major joint Chinese-Belarusian projects can be identified: the Great Stone; a mining plant near Luban; the BelGee plant; power lines at the Belarusian Nuclear Power Plant were also built using a Chinese soft loan; the Promenade residential complex in Lebyazhy; the Shanter Hill hotel and business complex is being built next to the Palace of Rhythmic Gymnastics; the Beijing Hotel, etc.

Thus, the Republic of Belarus has a certain significance for China in the area of social partnership and cooperation. The gradual expansion of their influence in the Republic of Belarus may well be used by both sides for the best purposes of different countries and their peoples. Belarusian-Chinese relations can indeed be called strategically important for both, including in the area of social partnership.

References

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СИМВОЛИЧЕСКАЯ ФУНКЦИЯ ГАСТРОНОМИЧЕСКИХ НОМИНАЦИЙ В ЛИТЕРАТУРНОМ ТЕКСТЕ (НА ПРИМЕРЕ РОМАНА Л. ЭСКИВЕЛЬ «КАК ВОДА ДЛЯ ШОКОЛАДА»)

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