SOCIO-CULTURAL FEATURES OF DOING INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

The socio-cultural environment of international business plays an important role in the successful implementation of international projects and operations. When conducting business abroad, companies face differences in values, norms, customs and communication styles between different cultures, which can significantly affect their success or failure [1].

The socio-cultural environment of international business includes aspects such as culture, values, customs and norms of behavior in various countries and regions of the world. Each country has its own unique culture, which may differ significantly from the culture of other countries. For example, Russia has its own specifics in the field of business, which differs from Western countries such as the USA or Great Britain.

One of the key factors affecting international business is the language barrier. Differences in language and communication styles can create problems in communication and understanding between business partners from different countries. This can lead to misunderstandings, errors and conflicts that can negatively impact business processes.

Cultural differences can also affect international business. Differences in values, behavior and business ethics may require strategies and approaches to be tailored to specific markets. For example, some cultures place more value on individual initiative, while other cultures place more value on teamwork. In addition, cultural differences may affect consumer preferences, which may also require changes in products and marketing strategies [2].

To operate successfully in the socio-cultural environment of international business, there are several strategies that businesses can use. The first strategy is awareness and consideration of cultural differences. Businesses must be prepared to adapt their products, services and strategies to different cultural contexts to meet customer needs and expectations.

The second strategy is to establish partnerships with local partners. Local partners can have a deeper understanding of the local culture and help the business enter the market successfully. However, with partners with local experience, a company can successfully overcome language and cultural barriers.

The third strategy is continuous training and development of enterprise personnel. An enterprise's workforce must have the cultural competencies and skills to work effectively in a cross-cultural environment. This may include knowledge of local languages, cultural nuances and intercultural communication skills. In conclusion, the socio-cultural environment of international business plays an important role in the formation and successful implementation of business processes and strategies in the international environment. Businesses, by recognizing and embracing cultural differences, partnering with local partners, and investing in the training and development of their staff, can thrive in this environment and build longterm, successful business relationships.

References

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