

E-government can also help governments monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of policy implementation, thereby improving the government's decision-making capacity and governance.

In summary, it is of great significance to conduct research on E-government and its meaning in public administration of the People's Republic of China. By delving into the development and application of e-government, we can better understand its role and significance in China's public administration. This will help to modernize the Chinese government and improve the level of public services, further promoting China's development and progress.

### References

1. United Nations E-Government Survey Report [Electronic resource]. – Mode of access: <https://desapublications.un.org/sites/default/files/publications/2022-09/Web%20version%20E-Government%202022.pdf>. – Date of access: 17.01.2024.

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### URGENT PROBLEMS OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT IN AZERBAIJAN

This article examines the institutional environment of entrepreneurship in Azerbaijan, reveals the role of the state in the formation of the institutional environment of business and substantiates the need for a systematic approach to the formation of the institutional environment of business in the country.

The history of entrepreneurship formation in Azerbaijan dates back to the distant 70`s of the XIX century. It was the reforms of that time that contributed to the development of market relations in Azerbaijan, the formation of a new class – the bourgeoisie, and a wide network of its entrepreneurial activities.

Today, the current stage of the formation of entrepreneurship already refers to the period when the Republic of Azerbaijan in the early 1990`s, after the collapse of the USSR, it regained its independence and began to implement processes of strengthen state attributes and institutions.

Only thanks to the oil contracts signed on September 20, 1994, the country managed to mobilize its resources and ensure macroeconomic and macro-financial stability, thus ensuring the possibility of implementing economic reforms. Further, it was necessary to develop market relations and ensure the investment attractiveness of the business-environment and create favorable conditions for the development of entrepreneurship in various sectors of the country's economy.

In the following years after the signing of oil contracts, Azerbaijan, using the resources of the regions, ensured intensive development of entrepreneurship in them. The Government of Azerbaijan has pursued a consistent policy of developing the country's regions: 3 state programs have been implemented since 2004. The 4`th state program, which covers 2019–2023, is currently being implemented.

Already by the end of 2021, a strong entrepreneurial base was formed in Azerbaijan, the number of business entities in the country amounted to 355,906 units (37,585 of them are legal entities, 318,321 units are individuals). As we can see from the table, the number of micro-business entities is 346,171 units, including 27,850 legal entities and 318,321 individuals. The number of small and medium-sized business entities in the same year was 6856 and 2879 units, respectively. And they are all legal entities. According to the State Statistical Committee of the Republic of Azerbaijan, the newly created value in the above-mentioned subjects amounted to 13.956.1 million manats, while investments in fixed assets amounted to 3.387.7 million mantas in 2021. Number of employees employed in these entities, the total number of employees were 357.8 thousand, and the average monthly nominal salary was 632.2 manats (AZN).